

# THE RALEIGH NEWS

VOL. XIII.-NO. 25.

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1878.

\$5.00 PER ANNUM.

## EUROPE.

## RUSSIA PREPARING FOR WAR.

**Negotiations Still Progressing**  
--Views of the European Press--Conflict Between Russia and England Almost Inevitable.

London, March 27.—The Sultan received the Grand Duke Nicholas with the utmost courtesy and cordiality.

The diplomatic relations between Russia and Turkey have been fully resumed.

The *Times* of St. Petersburg despatch says: Those having the direction of affairs here have at length agreed upon a solution of the present dead lock. The whole question seems to be sinking from the view of reason to that of passion.

The *Journal de St. Petersburg* declares that Russia will not endure the position of obliging her to maintain her armaments indefinitely.

The Berlin *Post* remarks that the collapse of the Congress would enforce such an attitude on both Russia and England.

The *Times*' Berlin correspondent says: The Austrian idea of a Congress without England, is being discomfited by France and Germany. It is possible that only the three Chancellors will meet in Berlin, but even this is as yet improbable. Germany is sure to take no proceedings against England.

The *Times*' Vienna correspondent telegraphed to-day: "Whether Ignatief could have to interpret the treaty or would understand the opinion of his success."

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Wm. P. Canady who was yesterday confirmed as Collector of Wilmington, N. C., was recommended for the office by Mr. Abbott, his predecessor.

Post Master General Key with the members of the Post office committee of the Senate and House, leave Monday on a tour of inspection on the fast mail to Cuba, via Cebu Keys, and will be absent ten days.

Mr. C. Manganum was confirmed as Post Master at Durham.

The Senate to the Diplomatic and Consular appropriation bill, as it passed the House, into tatters, by restoring all the original extravagant salaries, increasing the number of consuls and clerks, etc. So that nothing in the way of economy is to be expected from the Senate.

Secretary Sherman said: "I guess not, for the President has already nominated Glenn W. Schofield for the position, and we have just received a telegram from Schofield, saying that he will accept the position."

Two Pennsylvania Congressmen looked at each other and said: "The *Times* does not seem to understand the administration as a 'tricky, hypocritical, lying institution,' and spoke bitterly of the manner in which the President had led them to believe that the nomination of the Register of the Treasury was still open.

Mr. Yeates introduced bills for the relief of Quentin Mitchell and Jno. A. O'Conor, and, also, presented papers relating to the war-chain of Z. Righton.

Mr. Vassal presented papers relating to the claims of Levi Jones and the heirs of Jno. C. Garland.

Mr. Goode, under a suspension of the rules, introduced a bill to dispense with the collection of the tax on sinking-fund for the year 1877—the purpose being to relieve the people from a tax of \$17,000,000 per annum. The public debt has already been reduced \$225,000,000 beyond what the law requires, and the friends of this bill urge that the people should not be burdened to provide for further reduction at present.

The vote was 122 ayes to 112 nays (not the necessary two-thirds), and the bill went to the Ways and Means Committee.

This bill, after being referred to the Committee on Appropriations, which was unanimously adopted:

The citizens of Yaddin in mass meeting assembled, considering that the time has come for the adoption of a bill, and a Senator for the 7th Judicial District, as constituted by the act of the General Assembly, ratified March 10th, 1877, and recognizing the importance of choosing able, upright, and impartial men for the offices, do resolve:

1. That we approve of the proposition made by the citizens of Surry and Dobson, on the 7th inst., recommending to the collector of the tax on sinking-fund for the year 1877—the purpose being to relieve the people from a tax of \$17,000,000 per annum.

The citizens of Yaddin in mass meeting assembled, considering that the time has come for the adoption of a bill, and a Senator for the 7th Judicial District, as constituted by the act of the General Assembly, ratified March 10th, 1877, and recognizing the importance of choosing able, upright, and impartial men for the offices, do resolve:

2. That we heartily concur in the choice of the citizens of Surry and Dobson, Yaddinville as the most eligible in the district for the meeting of said convention.

3. We respectfully submit to the other counties of the district that Yaddinville possesses two paramount advantages for the purpose in view; first, it is nearer the centre of the district than any other county, and, as such, affords greater access to the collector.

Secondly, Yaddin is about the only county in the district that will not present a candidate for either of the offices in question, and therefore Yaddinville would be free from any undue influence or local bias in favor of either of the candidates.

4. That the chairman of this meeting is hereby authorized and instructed, to appoint delegates from each town in the district to represent this county in the said convention.

5. That while we admit the justice of the principle that the people who elects should also nominate, and while we are aware that the State at large will elect to the offices referred to, yet it is natural and evident that we are better acquainted with the characters of the candidates in this district, than of the electors of any other district, or, can be, and our delegates to the State nominating convention will be most familiar with the names of the candidates in this district.

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# DAILY NEWS

THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1878.

## PRINTER TO THE STATE.

The Official Organ of the City  
PUBLISHED IN  
The News Building, No. 5, Martin Street

### TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Dally one year, \$5.00;  
six months, \$3.00; three months, \$1.50; week-  
ly, one year, \$1.00; six months, 75 cents. IN-  
VARIABLE IN ADVANCE.

### STATE NEWS.

Charon Gazette: Dr. Thomas D. Warren, who for a long time was seen one of Education's most prominent citizens, died on the 21st inst.

Wilmington Star: The first consignment of cotton was received in this season, we were received in the city yesterday, by Mr. H. B. Ellers, from Col. J. A. McDowell, of Bladen county. They were classed as Extra Pale and Window Glass.

Durham Tobacco Plant: Our Methodist friends have made sufficient progress to warrant them in commencing operations upon the new church. They have decided to build a ten thousand dollar church. When this is built and the Baptist church is in course of erection, it will be completed. There will be two finer churches than any town to its size in North Carolina.

Charlotte Observer: South Iredell has a very remarkable citizen by the name of James Deaton, who is seventy-eight years old and has fourteen children, sixty-three grandchildren and nine great-grandchildren. He has had his right thigh broken, his right hip dislocated, his arm broken and some of his ribs fractured. He is a thorough-going Democrat, and among all his descendants there is not even one who votes the Republican ticket.

Charlotte Observer: Col. Chas. B. Jones delivered last night in the room of the Young Men's Christian Association, his lecture on the XIXth Century, .... The room of the association was completely filled last night by an appreciative audience, and the lecture was well received. .... The members of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city have made a special effort to secure a library for the use of the association. .... Mrs. Robbins, wife of Congressman Robbins, who is now in Washington with her husband, writes a weekly letter to the Statesville *Landmark*.

Charlotte Observer: The committee appointed by the chamber of commerce to look into the merchant's license tax, with a view to resistance if this course should be found expedient, have reported that as the law stands they have no power to resist the collection. .... The first shipment of the ten tons of steel rails recently purchased by the Western North Carolina Railroad, and designed for use on the track over the mountains, goes to Statesville via the A. T. & O. Railroad this morning. The remainder will follow shortly.

Durham Tobacco Plant: Major Broadus, the gentleman who has been prospecting between Roxboro and Durham, came to see us yesterday Tuesday. He is particularly anxious that as the law stands they have no power to resist the collection. .... The first shipment of the ten tons of steel rails recently purchased by the Western North Carolina Railroad, and designed for use on the track over the mountains, goes to Statesville via the A. T. & O. Railroad this morning. The remainder will follow shortly.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Boys are swimming in Texas streams. San Antonio, Texas can trace her his back to 1892.

The Florida Presbytery has also commenced dancing.

There are seventeen candidates for Congress in the Third district of Georgia.

Thomas Johnson, ex Chief Justice of the Arkansas Supreme Court, died Monday.

It is said that Robert Toombs is to deliver the address on Decoration Day in Columbus, Ga.

It is proposed that an incline railway be built to the summit of Lookout Mountain from Chattanooga.

Congressman Swann, of Maryland, is to marry Mrs. John R. Thompson, of Princeton, N. J., in a few weeks.

The Lynchburg (Va.) *News* reports that the peach crop in that section of the State has been almost entirely destroyed by the late frost.

Louisville Courier Journal: Senator Williams wears a Murphy badge. A bright and shining exemplar of temperance is needed in Congress.

As a corn-growing State, Tennessee ranks sixth. The average annual production of this great cereal is from 45,000,000 to 55,000,000 bushels.

Some scurrilous thief broke into Christ Church, Alexandria, Sunday night, by forcing open the front door, and stole the contents of the mitre box.

The Hon. Randall L. Gibson is the grandson of the clergyman, Randall Gibson, who founded the first church and endowed the first college in Mississippi.

Congressman H. A. Herbert, of Alabama, says that he will not be a candidate for re-election, wishing to return to the practice of his profession at the close of his present term.

The State of West Virginia has authorized the Petroleum Transportation Company to lay a pipe line for the transportation of petroleum from the oil fields in that State to the Ohio river.

How Beverly Douglass, of Virginia, seems likely to be the opposition to the nomination for Congress. The *Richmond Bulletin* prints the names of twenty-three candidates so far, with one other county to hear from.

Gov. Stone, of Mississippi, did not sign the stringent bill to regulate railroad freight in that State, not, it is said, because he disapproved of the measure, but because of the crudities and palpable defects of the bill.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has decided that the employee of a railroad company who receives a physical injury, by his own fault, or partly by the fault of other servants or employees of the company, cannot recover damages.

The Sunday school of a church at Wheeling, West Virginia, has certainly hit on a novel way to raise money. Easter eggs have been provided made of clay well packed, and with an opening in the side. Each egg will hold fifty cents or eighty dimes. The money will be collected in these, and at Easter will be given to the church.

### Opening of the Campaign.

Elsewhere in this morning's issue we present a record of the action of the State Democratic Executive Committee, at its meeting in this city yesterday. We may expect a stirring address from the Committee. The time appointed for the assembling of the State convention—June 13th—is in accord with the views hitherto expressed in these columns. The place selected—Raleigh, is taking all things into consideration, the best point for the meeting, owing to its central location, accessibility by rail from all quarters of the State, and amplitude of hotel accommodations. We should have been glad to have seen the choice of the committee fall upon Salisbury, for reasons unnecessary now to mention; but we are satisfied that the preponderating wish of the party was for our own beautiful city of Raleigh, and we are not dissatisfied that this important convention is to be held here.

With to-day, the campaign of 1878 in this State properly opens. The party machinery has been set in motion, to go with increasing speed and force until the elections fixed for the present year are over. The marshalling of our lines begins; and once more the freemen of North Carolina must stand up for Democratic supremacy, for the triumph of our principles, for the maintenance of the fruits of the victory of 1876, for law and order.

Some think we will have a wonderfully easy victory; that the Republicans can be beaten almost without effort; that work on our part will be superfluous; that, in brief, we will have what turfmen call a "walk-over" in the race with the crippled organization which in years past has so often contended with us for the prize of power. This is a delusion; if indulged in to the extent of producing over-confidence in our strength and bringing on inactivity and carelessness, it may prove a snare, as well. The worst thing that can befall us is a feeling of absolute security.

It is not probable that the Republican party will meet us in open contest for the Supreme and Superior Court Judgeships. The indications are that they will not put tickets in the field. But while they cannot hope to accomplish the defeat of the Democratic party in the State election, yet in the county elections and in elections for members of the General Assembly they will seek to cripple us indirectly by creating dissensions in our ranks. We may look for "independence" in many parts of the State. This specious garb is a favor it disguise with Radicalism.

We must, from the jump, fight all bolters, disorganizers and independents. They are worse than Republicans, because they are secret enemies of our party. We must crush them out, as we can easily do, by the power of our great and triumphant organization. Its will must and shall prevail; and any man who deliberately places himself outside of that organization and attempts to defeat its chosen standard-bearers, cannot be considered a good Democrat. Make what pretense he may, he is false to the principles of our party, and should not be tolerated; for that is not for us is against us.

We repeat what we have said on this point—and it cannot be too often said—that here, in North Carolina, we are still confronted by a compact Republican organization, which, though it may deem it wise not to meet us in the general contest, this year, yet needs, in many counties, only the helping hand of a few independents, bolters and disorganizers to recover its lost power. If we would maintain our ascendancy, or not hazard the continued success of our party, we must present an unbroken front to our adversary. To do this thing, so absolutely essential to the welfare of North Carolina both now and in the future, we must preserve our organization intact. A party divided against itself must fall. Democratic supremacy here is absolutely dependent on Democratic unity; and to preserve that unity must be the uppermost object with us in the campaign now pending. All personal ambitions, personal dissensions, and local jealousies must be subduced to the common end. The sacrifice of a "statesman" or two, occasionally, is not an irreparable injury, while we have such an abundance of that sort of material on hand; but the loss of prestige or power would be irreparable, and should combinations between Republicans and Independents succeed this year over the regularly organized forces of conservatism, then good-by to Democratic and Anglo-Saxon supremacy in North Carolina, and we be unto the misguided, unpatriotic and selfish men who shall, to serve their own base and selfish purposes, lead, encourage or excite the spirit of disorganization, or seek, by word or deed, to promote the designs of our enemy.

The Atlanta *Constitution* thinks that the Democratic party will have leisure to discuss the greenback issue, after 1890. At present it is the duty of not only every democrat, but of every citizen to prepare for the great contest of 1880, the main issue of which will be the question as to whether the people of this country will sustain an organization corrupt enough to steal the presidency. "Until that question is settled, we cannot afford to allow any other to assume the proportions of a vital issue. With the unconditional repeal of the resumption act the greenback men can well afford to join in that grander movement which has for its end the utter demolition of the republican party.

There is much discussion going on as to the advisability of not requiring a unanimous verdict of a jury. On the continent of Europe, and in Scotland, unanimity is not required. The same is the case under the laws of Texas and Nevada, and indeed such was the case originally at common law. The strongest argument against allowing verdicts by divided juries is that the world always be the ground of motions for new trials, and besides the rule requiring unanimity insures a more thorough discussion of the case among the jurors themselves.

### Stop at The Manning House

WILMINGTON, N. C.

EDWARD WILMINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Board \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day.

Rooms \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day.

Stable \$1.00 per day.

Carriage \$1.00 per day.

Board \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day.

Rooms \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day.

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Board \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day.

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